

# TJ Ridley, MD

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# **General Post-Operative Instructions Hamstring Repair**

## WOUND CARE:

- A sterile, waterproof dressing has been applied to your gluteal area. You may shower with this dressing on. Remove the dressing 7 days from the date of your surgery. Once you remove your waterproof dressing, you may shower and allow water to run over the incision. Otherwise, keep your incision clean and dry.
- Avoid putting any topical creams or ointments on your incisions.
- There may be stitches visible when changing dressings. These should be left in place until removed in clinic.
- Do not submerge the wounds in water (bathtub, pool, lake) for at least 2 weeks after surgery.

#### ICING:

- Icing is an important part of recovery from surgery. It is used to decrease swelling and inflammation as well as helping with pain control.
- Ice should be applied between 20-30 minutes at a time with a 20-30 minute break. For the first 48 hours, this 20-30 minute interval of on/off ice should be utilized throughout the day and night when possible.
- You may choose to discharge home with an ice machine. These machines often allow you to adjust the timing and duration of icing.
- If you did not choose to use an ice machine, you may use a bag of ice, a reusable ice pack or frozen vegetables. Remember to never put the bag or pack directly on the skin, always use a towel or cloth to protect your skin.
- After the first 48 hours, the icing should be used in 20 minute intervals every couple of hours for the first 3-4 weeks after surgery.
- Remember to limit your hip flexion

## DIET:

- After surgery, some patients experience nausea. This can be related to anesthesia or pain medication. It is best to begin with clear liquids and light food (crackers). You may progress slowly to your normal diet if not nauseated.
- Patients are sometimes prescribed an anti-nausea medication after surgery. This can be used to treat nausea. If nausea or vomiting persists despite medication, please call the office.
- Pain medication can also cause constipation. An over-the-counter laxative, high-fiber diet or fruit juice may be helpful.

#### **MEDICATION:**

- Most home medications may be resumed the evening of surgery or the following day unless specifically directed by your surgeon.
- Typically, patients are given a prescription for pain medication. Please take this medication as instructed. Pain medication can be decreased as pain improves.
- Try to take pain medication with food to help decrease nausea.
- Some prescribed pain medication may already have Tylenol (Acetaminophen) mixed with it. Do not take any other medications that include Tylenol while taking these pain medications. Taking too much Tylenol can cause liver damage.
- Taking medication prior to bedtime may help with sleeping.
- Do not drink alcohol or drive while taking narcotic pain medication (hydrocodone, oxycodone, dilaudid, etc.).
- Pain medication typically takes about 30-45 minutes to take effect. Don't wait until pain is severe to take pain medication.
- Narcotics can cause constipation. You may benefit from using an over-the-counter stool softener while taking narcotics.
- Some patients may receive a nerve block prior to surgery. This block lasts a different length of time in each patient, but typically lasts 12-18 hours. When you begin to feel some tingling in the extremity, the block is beginning to wear off. This is a good time to begin taking oral pain medication.
- Pain medication likely will not take away all of your pain. It is okay to have some discomfort.
- Because of the risks of prolonged narcotic use, in most cases narcotic pain medication will not be prescribed after 6 weeks from surgery. Plan to wean narcotic use after surgery accordingly.

# ACTIVITY:

- Crutches are used after surgery for protection.
- For the first two weeks after surgery, you may place only touch your toe town for partial weight bearing. This will increase slightly after two weeks. You will ultimately need crutches for atleast 6 weeks.
- A brace is typically applied to the leg after surgery. This is to help protect the repair by limiting knee extension (straightening) which stretches the hamstrings. The brace will be set from 20 to 90 degrees. You may lock the brace at 20 degrees during ambulation to help support the leg while maintaining "toe touch" weight bearing. Your therapist will help you decide when it is safe to adjust the brace. The brace is usually discontinued about 2-3 weeks after surgery.
- The brace should be left in place at all times for the first two weeks after surgery, except during therapy and while taking a shower. It should be worn during sleep.
- Avoid sitting at 90 degrees of hip flexion for two weeks
- Be sure to AVOID knee extension with combined hip flexion as this places the highest stretch on the repaired hamstring tendons
- Do not resume sports, use exercise equipment or perform strenuous physical activity (including lifting weights) until your surgeon says it is okay. Most commonly, straight-ahead running is started at 3 months after surgery, and some cutting exercises begin at 4 months after surgery (with your physical therapist).
- Return to full sports activity is usually between 5-7 months after surgery. Timing of return to sports depends on several factors and will need to be discussed with Dr. Ridley.
- Return to work depends on your job requirements, specifics of your surgery and pain/swelling levels. This can be discussed at your follow-up appointment.

- Physical therapy is prescribed after surgery. This is an important part of your recovery and we encourage patients to attend all physical therapy appointments.
- Return to driving after surgery is okay once narcotic pain medication has been stopped and you are cleared by your surgeon. The length of time until patients are able to return to driving varies depending on the specific surgery and which leg is involved.

### **BLOOD CLOT PREVENTION:**

- Though uncommon, blood clots (also called deep vein thrombosis or DVT) can occur after surgery. To decrease the risk of this problem, you should flex your ankle and toes up and down ten times per hour for the first 2-3 weeks after surgery.
- Elevation of the operative leg also helps decrease swelling and prevent blood clots.
- Most patients will be instructed to take aspirin daily for 2-6 weeks after surgery.
- Be sure to let your surgeon know if you have a history of blood clots.
- Below is a list of signs and symptoms that may represent a blood clot. Please call the clinic immediately at (763)786-9543 if you have any concerns.
  - o Increasing pain and tenderness in your calf
  - Redness and/or warmth in your calf
  - Worsening leg pain when pointing toes towards your head

## **REASONS TO CALL THE OFFICE:**

Please call the office at (763)786-9543 for any of these concerns:

- Fever above 101.5°F
- Excess pain or swelling of the calf
- Excess drainage at surgical incisions
- Worsening pain in the operative leg not controlled with medication
- Excess nausea/vomiting
- Numbness in the operative leg
  - Some numbress can be expected initially after surgery if a nerve block was used
- Redness around the incision site
- Any other questions or concerns

# TWO-WEEK FOLLOW-UP APPOINTMENT:

- A post-operative follow-up appointment will be made for you at the time your surgery is scheduled for 2 weeks after surgery. If you do not have an appointment scheduled after surgery, please call our office.
- Your sutures and steri-strips will be removed and your overall leg appearance will be assessed.
- You will likely be able to discontinue using your hinged knee brace at night. However, you may feel more comfortable to continue wearing it when ambulating. Your therapist can guide you on the continued use of the brace.
- Prescription refills and work restrictions will be addressed if needed. Most patients are off all narcotic pain medications by two weeks

# **RECOVERY, 2-6 WEEKS:**

Pain Control

• You should be weaning from your narcotic pain medications if you have not already stopped using them

Wound Care

- You no longer need to keep your incisions covered
- You may shower and/or bathe without covering your incisions
- Continue to monitor for signs and symptoms of infection

Hinged Knee Brace

- You will begin weaning from the brace
- Remember to always avoid knee extension with hip flexion

Physical therapy

- Continue working with physical therapy. Concentrate on regaining your full range of motion.
- Continue to schedule 2-3 appointments per week

#### Six Week Appointment

- Your range of motion and strength will be assessed.
- Discontinue using you crutches as you feel comfortable and with guidance of your therapist.
- You may begin using a stationary bike

\*\* Be careful to avoid knee extension combined with hip flexion \*\*

#### **RECOVERY, 7-12 WEEKS:**

Pain Control

- You should be off all narcotic pain medications. You may use anti-inflammatory (NSAIDs) medications like ibuprofen or naproxen as needed to help with pain and inflammation.
  - Always take NSAIDS with food

Physical therapy

- Continue working with physical therapy. Concentrate on maintaining your full range of motion and advancing your strength with their guidance.
- Continue to schedule 2-3 appointments per week depending on your progress.

#### Twelve Week Appointment

- Your range of motion and strength will be assessed to ensure that you are on track with your individual recovery process.
- You may now begin to advance with your activities as you can tolerate being cautious about sudden stretches or force on your repaired hamstrings for another 2 months.
- You will likely begin a return to running and return to sport program at this time
- You should plan to see Dr. Ridley prior to return to sport to discuss your readiness. Often, return to sport tests are performed with a therapist prior to this visit to better assess safe return to play.

#### WHEN CAN I?

**Drive:** You will be permitted to drive (automatic transmission) after surgery as long as you are not taking any narcotics and you feel comfortable behind the wheel. You may consider practicing in a large parking lot to make sure you can react quickly in an emergency. Studies suggest postsurgical patients wait 2 weeks before driving but life circumstances may mean you need to drive sooner than that provided you meet the minimum requirements mentioned above. Manual transmissions are more difficult but you should be able to push the clutch in with your surgical leg (left) approximately 4-6 weeks post-op.

**Return to Work:** This will vary depending on the demands of your job. We recommend taking at least 2 weeks off of work if you can as you will be fatigued from healing. If you have a sedentary job, you may be able to return to work at this time. Plan on getting up from your work station to move around to prevent stiffness every 20 minutes or so. If you have to carry significant loads, you will have to wait several more weeks. Remember, you should avoid sitting with the hip flexed at 90 degrees for the first two weeks after surgery.

**Shower**: You will be able to shower with the initial dressing. After the dressing is removed one week after the surgery, you do not need to cover the incision when showering. Do not scrub the area, instead, let warm soapy water run over the area and pat dry.

<u>Use a Hot tub</u>: Do not use a hot tub or bathe until sutures have been removed and wounds are completely closed.

**Do upper body exercise:** Please refrain from lifting upper body for the first 2 weeks following surgery. This will allow your body to spend its healing energy on your hip. Following 2 weeks, we recommend either using machines at the gym or a TRX suspension training system. We do not recommend trying to carry weights around the gym on crutches. Keep the workouts to a maintenance level only. This is not the time to make big gains in upper body strength.

**Do Dry Needling**: To reduce the risk of infection, please wait at least 6 weeks before dry needling.

<u>Get a Massage:</u> Massage can be done as early as 3 weeks out. Inform your massage therapist of your recent knee surgery. Let them know not to push into painful ranges of motion and do not perform forceful motion of the knee.

**<u>Use Blood Flow Restriction Training:</u>** You may use BFRT starting after 12 weeks post-op if it is available at your clinic by a certified. Follow all BFRT guidelines and precautions.