

Hip Joint Injection Patient Education

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WHAT IS A HIP JOINT?

Hip joints are formed by the connection between the femur and the pelvis. Pain from these joints can be caused by injury or inflammation. If these joints are blocked or anesthetized (i.e. numbed), they will not be able to transfer the painful sensation to the brain. This procedure is performed with diagnostic and therapeutic intent, meaning that it helps to diagnose whether the hip joints are the source of pain and to also treat the pain.

HOW IS THE PROCEDURE PERFORMED?

The patient lies on his/her back. The skin of the groin and thigh is cleansed with antiseptic solution and a sterile field is created. A small amount of anesthetic is used to numb the skin. Under X-ray (fluoroscopy) or ultrasound guidance, a small needle is advanced into the targeted hip joint. A small amount of contrast dye may be injected to ensure accurate needle placement, then a combination of local anesthetic and steroid is injected. The injection takes about 5 minutes to complete.

HOW LONG DOES THE EFFECT LAST?

Pain relief from the local anesthetic typically only lasts a few hours. It is important to note how much pain relief you feel during this time period as it provides important diagnostic information. Pain relief from the steroid takes around 3-10 days to take effect and may last weeks to months.

WHAT IS THE NEXT STEP AFTER THE INJECTION?

You may be given a pain log to complete after the procedure and instructions on how to return this information to Dr. Michalik's Office clinic. This will help us to measure your response to the injection and determine the next most appropriate step in your care.

WHAT ARE THE RISKS AND SIDE EFFECTS?

Serious side effects and complications are rare. The most common problem after the injection is having slightly increased pain in the area of the injection for up to a few days. The other potential complications are infection, bleeding and nerve injury. These complications are minimized by using sterile technique and ultrasound or fluoroscopic (x-ray) needle guidance. Some individuals may temporarily develop headaches, facial flushing, higher than normal blood pressure, and high blood sugar from the steroid, all of which typically resolve within a few days.