

Hayden B. Schuette, DO Shoulder and Elbow Surgeon TCOmn.com/Hayden-Schuette P: (952) 442-6943

Elbow Arthroscopy Postoperative Instructions

ACTIVITY AND SLING USE

- You will have a sling immediately after surgery. You should discontinue this sling as soon as you are able.
- No lifting greater than 5 pounds.
- You are encouraged to progress your elbow range of motion as you tolerate.

DRESSING

- Keep your dressing clean, dry, and intact for 2 days.
- On post operative day 2, you may remove the dressing and cover your incisions with band aids.
- Starting on post operative day 2, you may shower but should avoid scrubbing your incisions.
- No soaking your incisions in a bath or hot tub. Please place new band aids on your incisions after showering.

PAIN CONTROL

- You may have received a nerve block or local anesthetic injection at the time of your surgery.
 This provides excellent pain relief for the first 8-36 hours following surgery. This block wears off at various times for each patient.
- You will be prescribed pain medication (outlined below) for your postoperative pain.
- We also recommend icing frequently for pain or swelling after surgery.
 - You can use any form of ice (icing machine, a bag filled with ice cubes, bag of frozen veggies, or reusable ice pack).
 - Use a protective layer (such as a dish towel) between the ice and your skin, so that you do not freeze your skin.
 - Ice for 20 minutes at a time, with at least 20 minutes off in between icing sessions.

MEDICATIONS

- Oxycodone 5 mg, 1-2 tablets every 4-6 hours as needed
 - This is a narcotic pain medication for moderate to severe pain. It is our goal to wean our patients off this medication within the first week following surgery.
- Tylenol 500 mg, 2 tablets every 8 hours
 - o We recommend this as a baseline pain medication for the first week following surgery.
 - DO NOT exceed 4000 mg of Tylenol in a 24-hour period.
- Ibuprofen 200 mg, 4 tablets every 8 hours
 - If you can take NSAIDs, over the counter Ibuprofen can be helpful for mild to moderate pain and can replace narcotic pain medication
- Zofran (ondansetron) 4 mg,1 tablet every 6 hours as needed for nausea

- This is an anti-nausea medication that can help resolve nausea associated with anesthesia and narcotic pain medications.
- Colace (stool softener) 100 mg twice daily
 - The use of narcotic pain medication can cause constipation. We suggest using an overthe-counter stool softener (Colace) while taking pain medication. Stop taking this medication if diarrhea develops.
- Resume all home medications the day after surgery.
- Variations in postoperative medications may be made on an individual basis.

DRIVING

- You are not allowed to drive while taking narcotic pain medication.
- You may drive once you are no longer taking narcotic pain medication.

POSTOPERATIVE APPOINTMENTS

- Your first postoperative appointment will be 1-2 weeks after your surgery.
 - Sutures or staples will be removed if required.
 - o Physical therapy may be initiated.
- Your second postoperative appointment will be approximately 6 weeks after surgery.

REASONS TO CALL THE OFFICE

- Please call Dr. Schuette's office (952-442-6943) if you have any questions or concerns, or develop the following:
 - o Increased pain that is not responding to pain medication
 - o Increased warmth or redness at the surgical site
 - Large amounts of bleeding or drainage
 - A sustained fever greater than 101° F
 - Excess pain or swelling of the calf
 - You significantly injure your operative body part